

DEPARTMENT OF ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING

ACADEMIC YEAR 2021-2022(ODD)

REPORT – Bridge Course on Microprocessors & Microcontrollers

Department of Electrical & Electronics Engineering organized the bridge course on EE8551-Microprocessors & Microcontrollers for third year EEE students from 23.08.2021 to 25.08.2021. The main objective of this bridge course is to provide introduction about Microprocessors & Microcontrollers course.

PROGRAMME CONDUCTED PARTICULARS:

DATE	TIMING /	TOPIC	FACULTY HANDLED
	DURATION		
23.08.2021	6.00 PM – 7.00 PM (1- HOUR)	Need & Purpose of Microprocessors & Microcontrollers.	Mr.S.R.Karthikeyan AP/EEE
24.08.2021	6.00 PM – 7.00 PM (1- HOUR)	Introduction to Microprocessors & Microcontrollers.	Dr.M.Meenalochani AP/EEE
25.08.2021	6.00 PM – 7.00 PM (1- HOUR)	Architectures of Microprocessors & Microcontrollers.	Mr.R.Sundaramoorthi AP/EEE

PROGRAMME CONTENT:

Need & Purpose of Microprocessors & Microcontrollers:

The following points were discussed during the session:

- Microcontrollers are optimized to perform a dedicated low-power application
- Ideal for embedded systems.
- Microprocessors are more useful for general computing applications that require more complex and versatile computing operations.
- Difference between microprocessors and microcontrollers.
- Microcontroller is a compressed microcomputer manufactured to control the functions of embedded systems in office machines, robots, home appliances, motor vehicles, and a number of other gadgets.

Introduction to Microprocessors & Microcontrollers:

The following points were discussed during the session:

- Classification of microprocessors.
- Instruction set and execution.
- Instruction execution and timing diagram.
- Interrupts.
- Interfacing memory and I/O devices

Architectures of Microprocessors & Microcontrollers:

The following points were discussed during the session:

- The microprocessor is the CPU (Central Processing Unit) of a computer. It is the heart of the computer.
- Intel 8085 as it is one of the most popular 8-bit microprocessor.
- It has memory, and can be programmed to do calculations, receive input, and generate output.
- Unlike a PC, it incorporates memory, a CPU, peripherals and I/O interfaces into a single chip.





